

Secure Configuration of Intrusion Detection Sensors for Changing Enterprise Systems

Gaspar Modelo-Howard, Jevin Sweval, Saurabh Bagchi
Dependable Computing Systems Laboratory

Problem Statement

- We want to know the security state of an enterprise distributed system. For this we need intrusion detection sensors.
- Current state is to treat inputs from individual detectors independently, which misses many distributed multi-stage attacks.

Specific Goals

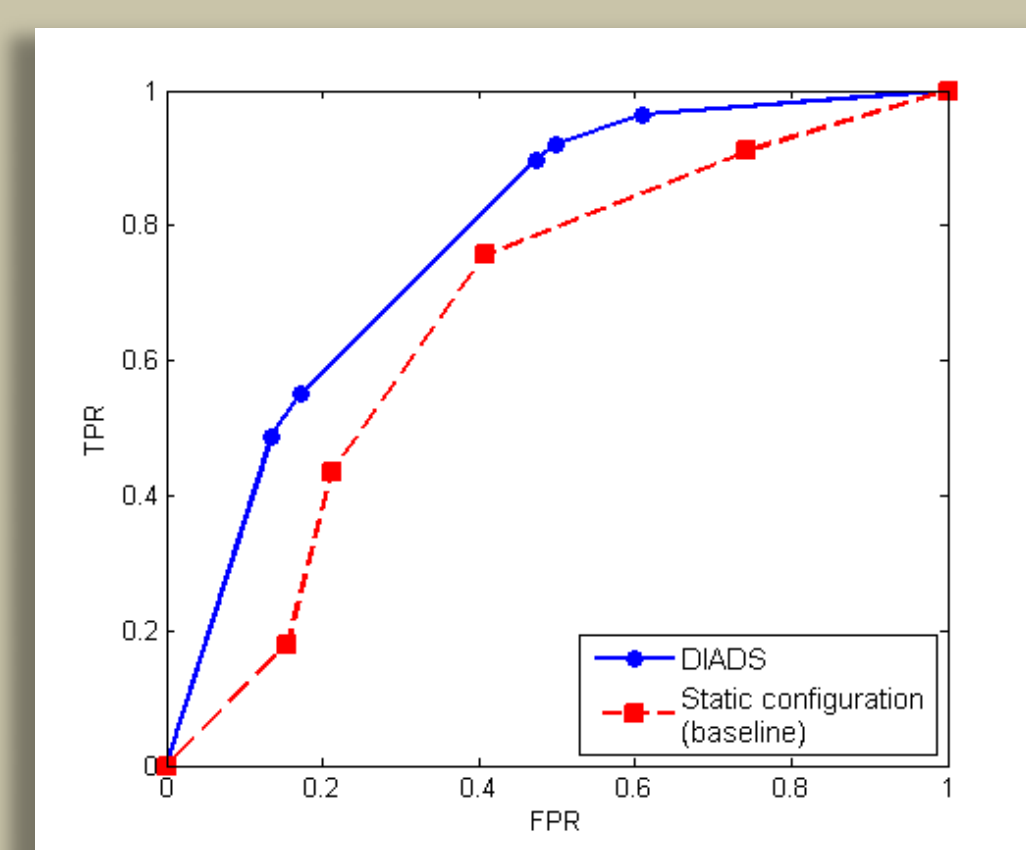
- How to intelligently choose, place, and configure intrusion detection sensors in a distributed enterprise system?
- How to reconfigure initial setup based on runtime information?

Proposed Solution

- Distributed Intrusion Detection System (DIADS) using attack graphs (input) and Bayesian inference (reasoning engine and alert correlation)
- A dynamic programming solution is used for determining the configuration of detection sensors, that can trade off the running time with how close the solution is to the optimal.
- Considers attack origin can be from outside or from inside the periphery.

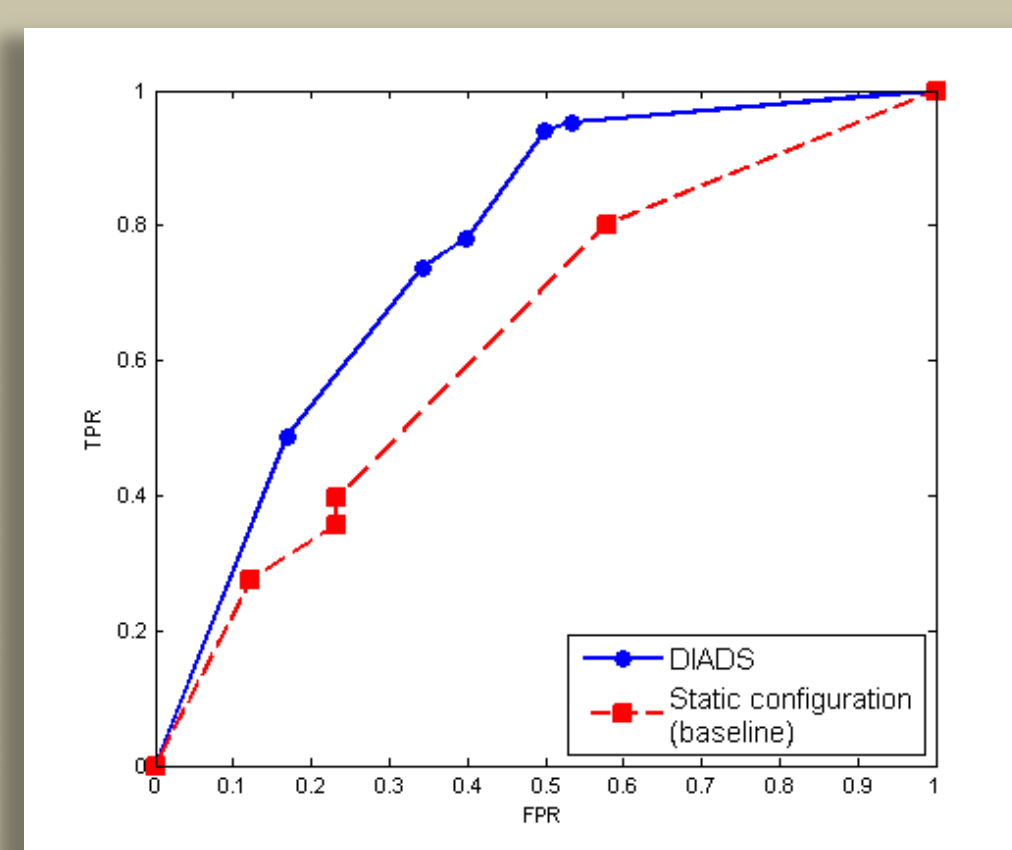
Experimental Results

Dynamic reconfiguration of Detection Sensor



- Comparison between dynamic and static configuration of DIDS, monitoring only database servers. The dynamic setup shows a higher detection rate.

Dynamism from Firewall Rules Changes

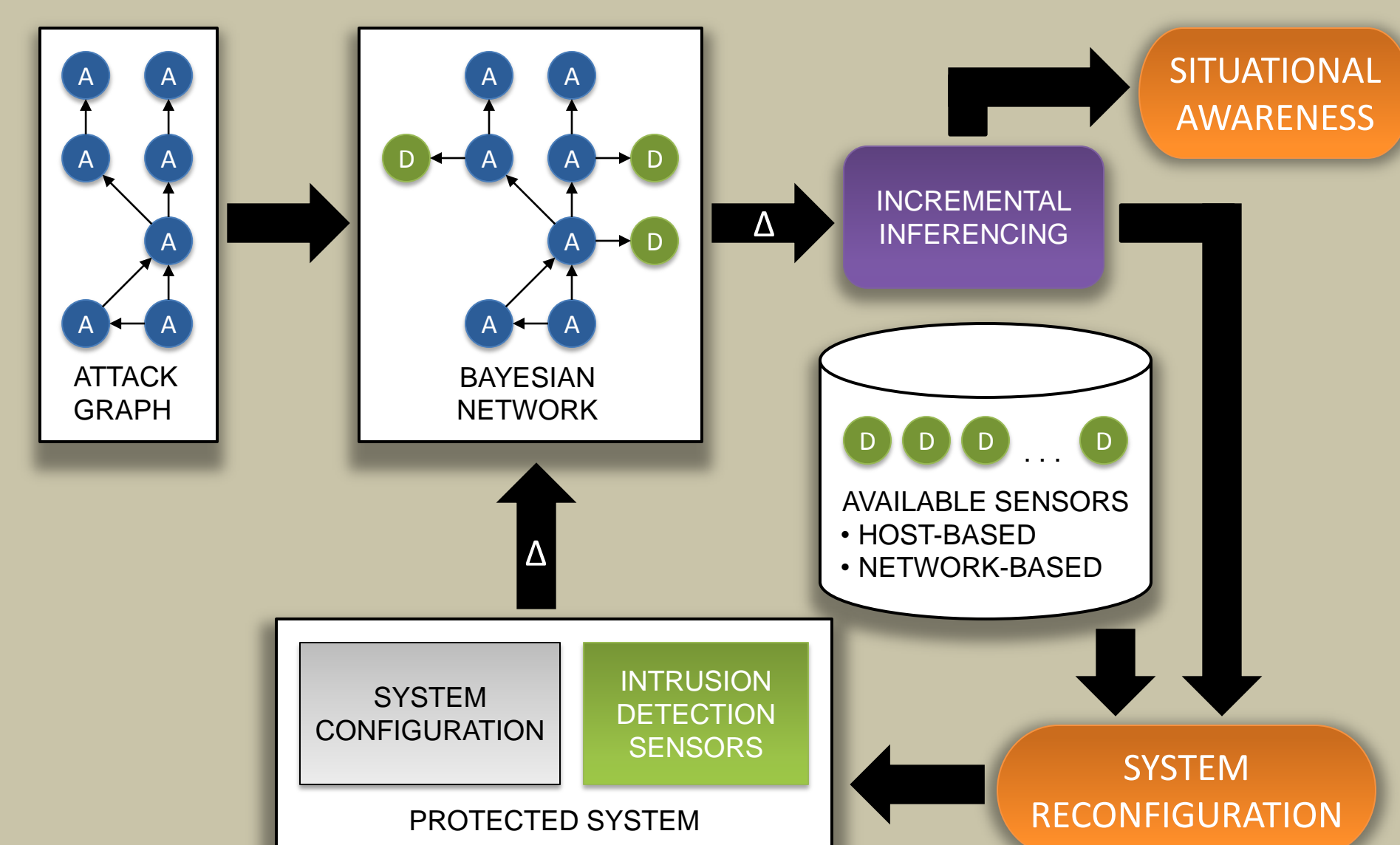


- Impact of topology changes on dynamic and static detection systems after allowing direct access between consultant and database server

Work Ahead

- Generalization of Bayesian network nodes to increase detection scope
- Implementation of DIDS using open-source Bro IDS

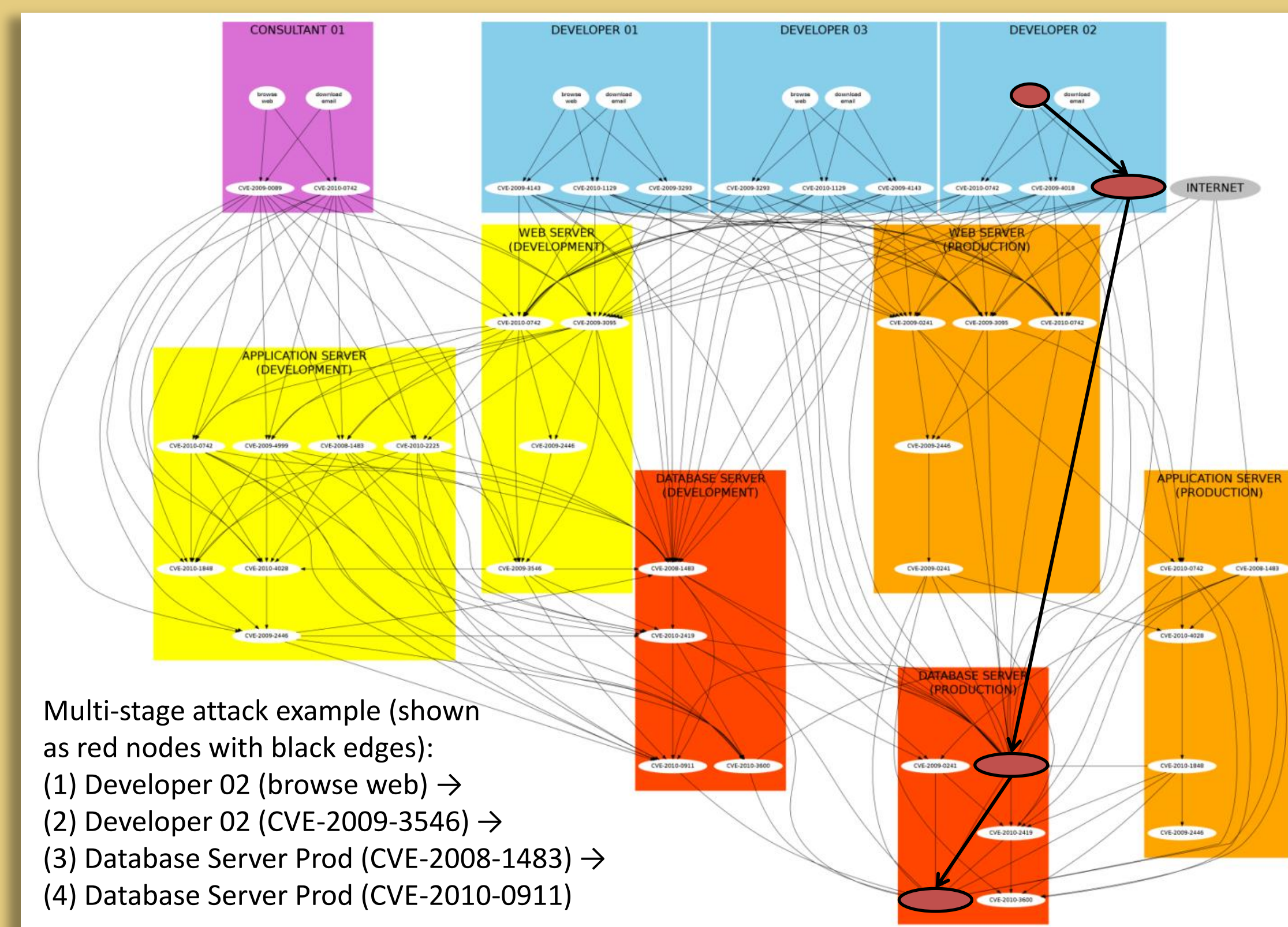
Framework Diagram



Bayesian Network Example

Bayesian network built from real-world distributed system, part of an NSF Center at Purdue

- Communication between hosts is controlled by firewalls
- Database servers are the critical assets to protect



Reference

Modelo-Howard, G., Sweval, J., Bagchi, S.: *Secure Configuration of Intrusion Detection Sensors for Changing Enterprise Systems*. SecureComm 2011.

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