

# Web-Based Malware Propagation

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## Abstract

The Internet is becoming an increasingly popular attack vector used by cyber criminals to infect computers for malicious purposes. It is estimated that over 10% of legitimate websites are infected with malware. The purpose of studying web-based malware is to understand how malware propagates through the web and the techniques and tools cyber criminals use to successfully infect computers. By understanding the varying attack vectors, the appropriate detection and prevention mechanisms can be employed to eliminate or reduce the threat of malware infections.

Successful web-based malware propagation consists of three elements: *Propagation Vector*, *Propagation Apparatus*, and *Propagation Technique*. For malware to propagate, it requires an infrastructure or "pipeline" that would allow the malware propagation vehicle to travel through. The malware propagation vehicle is made up of the tools and techniques that would get a victim to the malicious site to successfully infect their computer. The absence of any one of these three elements would render the web-based malware impotent.

The ultimate goal of this study is to eliminate and prevent the successful propagation of web-based malware. However, currently standing, cyber criminals have the advantage due to the lack of detection tools and understanding of web-based malware propagation.

## Web-Based Malware Analysis Timeline



Web-Based Malware Propagation								
Vector	Vehicle			Detection	Prevention/ Elimination			
	Technique		Apparatus/Tool					
Email	Phishing (Active)			Anti-Phishing	Training			
	Drive-by-Download				Virtual Web-Browser			
Websites	Redirect	Automatic	Search Engine Manipulation (Meta Tagging)	HTML	Anti-Phishing	Virtual Web-Browser Block/Disable Script		
			HTTP Refresher Header	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HTML</li> <li>JavaScript</li> <li>CGI</li> </ul>	Anti-Phishing	Virtual Web-Browser Block/Disable Script		
		Server-Side Scripting		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>.htaccess</li> <li>HTTP3xx Status Code</li> </ul>	Anti-Phishing	Virtual Web-Browser		
		Manual Redirect		HTML	Anti-Phishing	Training Virtual Web Browser		
	Phishing (Passive)	Iframe		HTML	Not Yet Determined	Virtual Web Browser		
		Pop-Up		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HTML</li> <li>JavaScript</li> <li>PHP</li> <li>Actionscript</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CGI</li> <li>JSP</li> <li>ASP</li> <li>(C#/VBScript)</li> </ul>	Pop-Up Blockers	Training Virtual Web Browser Pop-Up Blockers	
		Flash		Actionscript 1.0/2.0/3.0		Web-Content Filtering	Virtual Web Browser Block/Disable Script	
		Widget		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Actionscript 1.0/2.0/3.0</li> <li>Ajax</li> <li>JavaScript</li> </ul>		Not Yet Determined	Virtual Web Browser Block/Disable Script	
		Streaming Media	Audio		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Windows Media Player</li> <li>Apple QuickTime Player</li> <li>RealPlayer</li> </ul>		Web-Content Filtering	Virtual Web Browser Block/Disable Script
			Video					
Social Networking Sites	Phishing (Active)			Web-Content Filtering	Training Virtual Web Browser Block/Disable Script			
Peer-2-Peer	Drive-by-Download			Anti-Virus Anti-Spyware	Security Policy Anti-Malware			
Worms	Self-Replicating			Network IDS Host IDS	Network IPS Host IPS			
Web-Browser	Vulnerability Exploit			Anti-Virus Anti-Virus	Virtual Web-Browser Patch System			

## Successful Web-Based Malware Propagation depends on three things:

