

Digital Identity Management in ontological semantics: methodology and practice of domain representation

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Research goals of ontology support for domain representation

Ontological support for the domain: The existing ontological semantic resources adjusted and supplemented for the entire domain of digital identities to provide conceptual and lexical framework for the research. This entails an estimated 500-700 concepts and 1,500 lexical items added or modified;

Ontological support for the representation formats: ontological properties, relations and attributes have to be developed to express identity management schemes in a precise, formally unified way, to facilitate automatic processing;

Ontological support for identity policy language: development of enriched semantic representation of identity management vocabulary for manipulation of the natural language texts dealing with identity policies.

Methodology for domain acquisition in ontological semantics: convergence of approaches	
Top-down approach (Conceptual hierarchies to concept end-nodes and lexicon)	Bottom-up approach (Corpus to lexicon)
Delimit the body of the corpus , splitting it in two parts for validity check, map out the sub-domains within it (technological, legal, social, etc.);	Run the first part of the corpus through the available lexicon and filter out lexemes which are not available yet (Java program);
Map out ontological tree for the most important concepts for each sub-domain; acquire necessary properties for the domain;	Filter out lexemes by frequency : frequency in one document; cross-documental frequency. Decide on what frequency is necessary for a lexical item to be a valid vocabulary member (decisions on trademark and proprietary terms – e.g. Mac as a definition of a certain computer architecture, delimiting its platform properties and available application);
Create ontological sub-hierarchies needed to support sub-domains; acquire lexemes closest to the ontological end-nodes;	Sort the lexical items as to whether they belong to Digital Identity Management domain;
Decide on multi-word expressions necessary for the vocabulary (if necessary, check for their occurrence frequency, to observe if they are sufficiently wide-spread);	Acquire lexical items which pass the two previous filters;
Check for multiple meanings of available items in the lexicon, so that they include DIM semantics (where appropriate, include all meanings as well);	Run the second part of the corpus through the lexicon. Repeat steps 2-4 if necessary; also, if necessary, expand the corpus for another validity check ;
Result: ontological hierarchy and lexicon for Digital Identity Management domain.	

Relations:

Properties
...object-relation
representational-information-relation
has-identifying-information
collects-identifying-information
stores-identifying-information
requests-identifying-information
matches-identifying-information
issues-identifying-information
identifies-what
inverse-representational-information-relation
identifying-information-issued-by
identified-by
furnishes-identifying-information
scalar-object-attribute
temporal-object-attribute (0 to 1 (constant))
authenticity (range 0 to 1 (likelihood of being unaltered self))

Objects:

Object...
...representational-object
identifying-information
URL
timestamp
software-identifying-information
serial-number
digital-certificate
hardware-identifying-information
serial-number
IP-address
user-identifying-attribute
temporary-user-attributes
geographical-location
avatar
knowledge-token
PIN
username
password
document-identifying-information
document-number
document-expiration-date...

Attributes:

Attribute..
...constant-user-attributes
biometrics (of varying reliability)
retina-scan
iris-scan
finger-print
voice-print
foot-print
DNA-print
hand-geometry
saliva-sample
signature
keystroke-dynamics
facial-geometry
gait-attribute
documentary-user-representations
passport
visa
state-ID
driver's-license
PGP-signature
insurance-number
social-security-number

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Examples of ontological entries

```
(HARDWARE-IDENTIFYING-INFORMATION
(DEFINITION (VALUE ("a representational object identifying hardware")))
(IS-A (VALUE (IDENTIFYING-INFORMATION)))
(IDENTIFIES-WHAT (SEM (INDEPENDENT-DEVICE)))
(IDENTIFYING-INFORMATION-ISSUED-BY (ORGANIZATION))
(OWNED-BY (SEM (HUMAN ORGANIZATION)))
)

(INTERNET-SERVICE-PROVIDER
(DEFINITION (VALUE ("a communication-corporation that provides access to Internet service for the
public")))
(IS-A (VALUE (COMMUNICATION-CORPORATION UTILITY-CORPORATION)))
(HAS-MERCHANDISE (SEM (*NOTHING*)))
(AREA-OF-BUSINESS-ACTIVITY (SEM (COMMUNICATION-SERVE)))
(OBJECT-INVOLVED (SEM (COMPUTER NETWORK-SERVER USER-COMPUTER)))
(CUSTOMER-OF (INV (TELECOMMUNICATION-EQUIPMENT-MANUFACTURING-
CORPORATION)))
)

(INVARIABILITY-ATTRIBUTE
(IS-A (VALUE (SCALAR-OBJECT-ATTRIBUTE)))
(DEFINITION (VALUE ("used to indicate how long the given type of object typically exists, from 1 –
constantly, to 0 – non-existent")))
(DOMAIN (RELAXABLE-TO (OBJECT)))
(RANGE (VALUE (<> 0 1)))
)

(KNOWLEDGE-TOKEN
(DEFINITION (VALUE ("a representational object which can be memorized for identifying a user")))
(IS-A (VALUE (TEMPORARY-USER-ATTRIBUTE)))
(SUBCLASSES (VALUE (USER-NAME PASSWORD PIN-NUMBER))) //to be extended//
(IDENTIFIES-WHAT (SEM (DEFAULT (USER-COMPUTER) RELAXABLE-TO (HUMAN))))
(IDENTIFYING-INFORMATION-ISSUED-BY (DEFAULT (ORGANIZATION) RELAXABLE-TO (USER-
COMPUTER)))
(OWNED-BY (SEM (DEFAULT (USER-COMPUTER) RELAXABLE-TO (ORGANIZATION))))
)

(VOICE-PRINT
(DEFINITION (VALUE ("a physical quality of voice that can be used to identify a human ")))
(IS-A (VALUE (BIOMETRICS)))
(IDENTIFIES-WHAT (SEM (DEFAULT (HUMAN-VOICE) RELAXABLE-TO (HUMAN))))
(INVARIABILITY-ATTRIBUTE (VALUE (.6)))
(UNIQUENESS (VALUE (.9)))
)

(SEMICONDUCTOR-STORAGE-DEVICE
(IS-A (VALUE (STORAGE-DEVICE)))
(DEFINITION (VALUE ("computer storage device that reads and writes information magnetically")))
(SUBCLASSES (VALUE (FLASH-MEMORY BIOS-CHIP SECURE-DIGITAL-CARD)))
(MATERIAL (SEM (SILICON)))
(FUNCTIONS-LIKE (SEM (MEMORY)))
)
```

Examples of lexical entries

A noun with two distinct lexical meanings:

```
(AVATAR
(AVATAR-N1 (CAT N)
(ANNO
(DEF "an icon or representation of a user in a virtual reality. ")
(EX "I wanted to change my avatar, but forgot to resize the picture for it.") (COMMENTS ""))
(SYN-STRUC ((ROOT $VAR0) (CAT N)))
(SEM-STRUC (AVATAR)))
(AVATAR-N2 (CAT N)
(ANNO
(DEF "a type of robots or interactive computer programs, which was design to teach, or help to learn ")
(EX "We are developing a signing avatar for a math program in ASL.") (COMMENTS ""))
(SYN-STRUC ((ROOT $VAR0) (CAT N)))
(SEM-STRUC (CHATTERBOT))
))
```

Adjective which enters in two different syntactic structures:

```
(UNIQUE
(UNIQUE-ADJ1 (CAT ADJ)
(SYN-STRUC
(((ROOT $VAR1) (CAT N) (MODS ((ROOT $VAR0) (CAT ADJ))))))
(SEM-STRUC
(^$VAR1 (INSTANCE-OF (SEM OBJECT)) (UNIQUENESS (VALUE 1))))))
(UNIQUE-ADJ2 (CAT ADJ)
(SYN-STRUC
(((ROOT $VAR1) (CAT N)) (ROOT BE) (CAT V)
((ROOT $VAR0) (CAT ADJ))))
(SEM-STRUC
(^$VAR1 (INSTANCE-OF (SEM OBJECT)) (UNIQUENESS (VALUE 1))))
))
```

Specific information pertaining to the lexical item is stored with it:

```
(BACHELOR-OF-SCIENCE
(BACHELOR-OF-SCIENCE-N1 (CAT N)
(SYNONYMS "BS degree")
(ANNO
(DEF "an educational degree granted for the successful completion of a college program in science.")
(EX "" (COMMENTS ""))
(SYN-STRUC ((ROOT $VAR0) (CAT N)))
(SEM-STRUC (SEM (EDUCATIONAL-LEVEL
(FIELD-OF-STUDY (SEM SCIENCE))
(YEARS-OF-EDUCATION (VALUE > 3))))
))
```

A complex entry referring to a proposition:

```
(MALWARE
(MALWARE-N1 (CAT N)
(ANNO
(DEF "any software developed for the purpose of doing harm to a computer system. ")
(COMMENTS "Note for the future: Malware can be classified based on how it is executed, how it
spreads, and/or what it does.") (EX ""))
(SYN-STRUC ((ROOT $VAR0) (CAT N)))
(SEM-STRUC (SOFTWARE
(INSTRUMENT-OF (SEM REFSEM1))))
(REFSEM1 (INCUR-DAMAGE
(BENEFICIARY (COMPUTER SOFTWARE USER-COMPUTER))))
))
```