



97-0D6 - A Taxonomy of Generalization Schemes for Data Anonymization - li83@cs.purdue.edu - IAF

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## A Taxonomy of Generalization Schemes for Data Anonymization Tiancheng Li, Ninghui Li

## *K*-Anonymity

## **Enumeration Algorithm**

#### Scenario

- A data holder wants to publish data to share with researchers
- Individuals' privacy may be at risk

#### ► Objective

Maximize data utility while limiting privacy risk

#### Approaches

- Data swapping, adding noise, etc
- *k*-Anonymization
  - Remove identifiers, generalize quasi-identifying attributes

hierarchy

-gov

-gov

• Each record is identical to at least *k-1* other records



#### A bottom-up algorithm that enumerates all ways to partition an unordered set exactly once

## **Generalization Schemes**





**GHS: Group Hierarchical Scheme** 

A generalization is a partition of the attribute

SPS: Set Partitioning Scheme

domain without a total order or a hierarchy

Not Without Never

Worked

، Pay '

Inc

Local Federal Private Inc

-gov

## **Cost-based Pruning**

### Cost Metrics

- Discernibility Metric
- Cost-based Pruning

All values are	generalized	to the	same	level
of the hierarch	ny			

**BHS: Basic Hierarchical Scheme** 

	State -gov	Local -gov	Federal -gov	Private	Inc	Not Inc	Without Pay	Never Worked	
A generalization is an order-preserving									
partition of the attribute domain									
OPS: Ordered Partitioning Scheme									



A generalization is an order-preserving partition with the guidance of a hierarchy **GOPS: Guided Ordered Partitioning Scheme** 



A generalization is a partition with the guidance of a hierarchy **GSPS:** Guided Set Partitioning Scheme

## A Taxonomy





Node Pruning

#### Applicator Pruning





Hierarchical Discernibility *Metric*

### Optimizations

- Seeding
- Modified BFS Search Strategy
- Node Rearrangement Applicator Rearrangement

## Evaluation

- Bottom-up V.S. Top-Down
  - k Values: Bottom-up approaches work better for small k values

• Dimensionality: Bottom-up approaches work better when the data contains a small number of attributes.

#### Efficiency V.S. Utility

 A more sophisticated generalization scheme produces better "optimal" anonymizations at the cost of performance degradation.

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