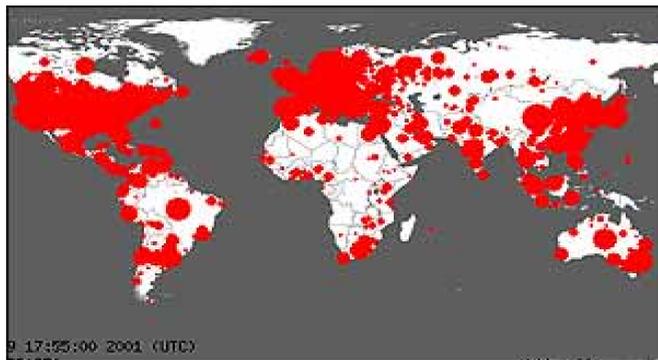


Reactive Zero-day Worm Protection

Kihong Park (PI), Bhagya Bethala, Ikyun Kim

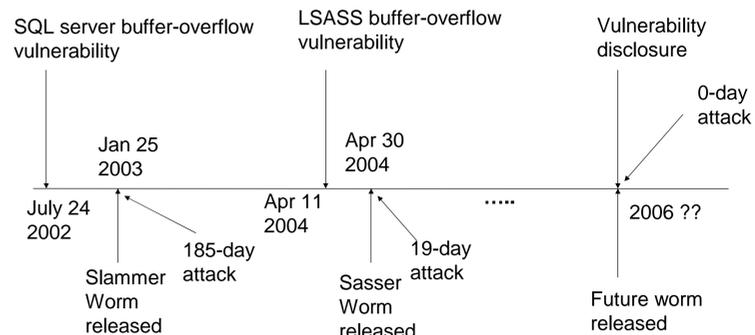
Network Systems Lab, Department of Computer Sciences, Purdue University

Spread of Slammer worm



< 10 mins to infect the vulnerable population

Zero-day worms

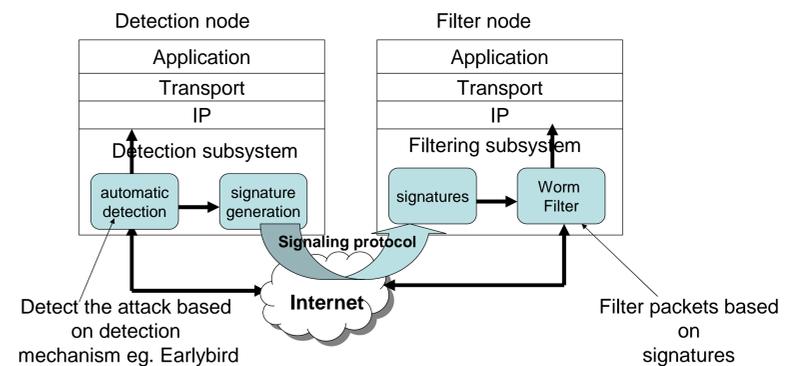


Time gap between vulnerability disclosure and release of a worm that exploits it is decreasing

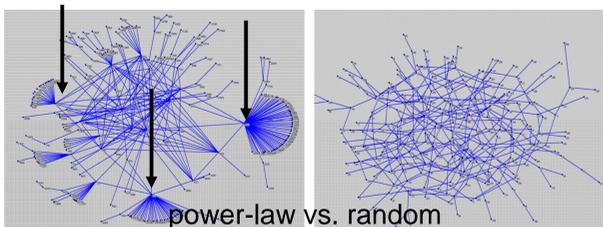
Global Protection

- Early detection at transit points
 - Earlybird, Polygraph etc.
- Dissemination of information to content-based filters to contain the spread

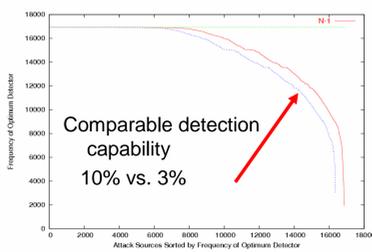
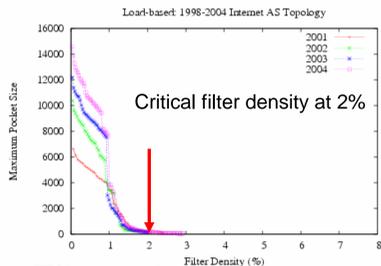
Approach: Cooperative Filtering



Deployment



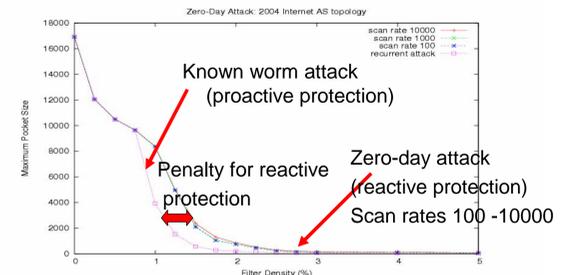
power-law nature of Internet enables small deployment



Performance Evaluation

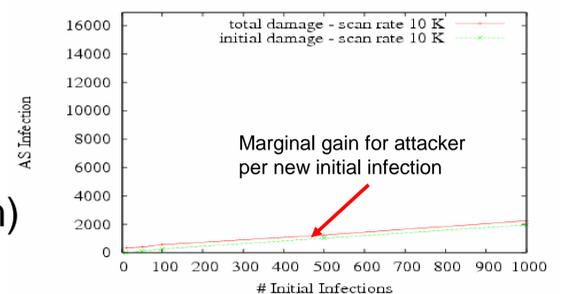
Simulation setup:

- 2004 AS topology with 16921 ASes and 2³² hosts
- Live Earlybird-like detection



Key parameters

- Uniform random scanning
- Filter deployment: 3%
- Detector deployment: 3%
- Scan rate: 10K scans/sec
- Initial infections: 10 (random)



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